# Estrofem® 1mg tablets Estrofem® 2mg tablets

**Oestradiol** 

#### **Consumer Medicine Information**

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This leaflet answers some common questions about Estrofem<sup>®</sup>. It does not contain all the available information. It does not take the place of talking to your doctor or pharmacist.

All medicines have risks and benefits. Your doctor has weighed the risks of you using Estrofem® against the benefits they expect it will have for you.

Ask your doctor or pharmacist if you have any concerns about using this medicine.

Keep this leaflet with the medicine.

You may need to read it again.

Estrofem<sup>®</sup> is available only by prescription at pharmacies.

## What Estrofem<sup>®</sup> is used for

Estrofem® is a hormone replacement therapy (HRT) that is used for the short-term symptomatic treatment of women who have had their womb surgically removed (which is called hysterectomy) and who have signs and symptoms of oestrogen deficiency.

A woman's last menstrual period is called the menopause and usually occurs between the ages of 45 and 55 years. Around the time of the menopause, the body slowly stops producing the two sex hormones called oestrogen and progesterone. Periods become irregular until they finally stop.

If a woman has surgical or natural menopause the production of these hormones is diminished or stopped.

Estrofem® replaces the hormone called oestrogen which your body stops making after surgical or natural menopause.

The falling or reduced hormone levels may cause you to experience uncomfortable symptoms such as hot flushes, night sweats, sleeplessness, dry vagina, urinary problems, headaches, mood swings, lack of concentration or loss of energy.

The oestrogen in Estrofem® relieves the symptoms caused by a lack of oestrogen.

If you have not had a hysterectomy your doctor may prescribe another medicine (a progesterone type medicine) to be taken with Estrofem® for 10-14 days of your 28 day cycle. It is very important to take both medications exactly the way your doctor has prescribed.

If you have any questions about the combination of the two medicines please talk to your doctor.

Your doctor may have prescribed Estrofem® for another reason. Ask your doctor if you have any questions about why Estrofem® has been prescribed for you.

## Before you take Estrofem®

#### When you must not take it

#### Do not take Estrofem® if:

- you are pregnant or suspect you may be pregnant, or you are breast-feeding
- you know or suspect you have, or you have had, a tumour which depends on hormones (e.g. cancer of the breast or the lining of the womb)
- you know or suspect you have, or you have had, breast cancer
- you have recently developed liver disease; or you have a history of liver disease where your blood test results have not returned to normal
- you have porphyria (a rare disease of blood pigments)
- you have any unexplained vaginal bleeding
- you know that you are allergic to any of the ingredients in Estrofem®
- you have or ever had any kind of blood clots
- you have pain in your calf and your leg is swelling
- it is after the expiry date (Expiry) printed on the pack
- the packaging is torn or shows signs of tampering

#### Before you start to take it

#### Medical check-ups

Before you start taking HRT, your doctor should ask about your own and your family's medical history.

Your doctor may decide to examine your breasts and/or your abdomen, and may do an internal examination — but only if these examinations

are necessary for you, or if you have any special concerns.

Once you've started on HRT, you should see your doctor for regular check-ups (at least once a year). At these check-ups, your doctor may discuss with you the benefits and risks of continuing to take HRT.

#### Be sure to:

- go for regular breast screening and pap smear tests
- regularly check your breasts for any changes such as dimpling of the skin, changes in the nipple, or any lumps you can see or feel

There is only limited experience of treating women older than 65 years with Estrofem<sup>®</sup>.

#### Tell your doctor if:

- you have not had a hysterectomy, because another medicine may be more suitable for you
- you have previously taken oestrogen by itself for menopausal symptoms and have not had a hysterectomy. The long-term use of oestrogen without a progesterone can increase the risk of cancer of the lining of the womb
- you have a family history of blood clots
- you are to be hospitalised or undergoing surgery, particularly where you are or will be off your feet for a long time. You may need to stop taking Estrofem® 4 to 6 weeks before your operation, to reduce the risk of a blood clot
- you have an intolerance to some specific sugars e.g. lactose (found in milk and milk products). Estrofem® tablets contain lactose

#### Tell your doctor if you have or have had any medical conditions, especially the following:

- fibroids of the womb or endometriosis and you have not had a hysterectomy. Fibroids may increase in size while taking Estrofem<sup>®</sup> and symptoms of endometriosis may worsen
- a history of excessive growth of the cells which line the womb

- if you have not had a hysterectomy, vaginal bleeding or spotting after several months on Estrofem® tablets, or several months after you have stopped taking Estrofem® tablets
- family history of hormonedependent cancer e.g. cancer of the breast or of the lining of the womb
- sudden blockage of your blood vessels, or risk factors for these events (e.g. you are seriously overweight, you have previously experienced one or more miscarriages, you have a family history of blood clots)
- high blood pressure
- inflammation of the pancreas due to high levels of blood fats (triglycerides)
- systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)
- epilepsy, migraine, severe headache
- diabetes
- asthma
- gallstones
- liver disease
- heart disease
- kidney disease
- fluid retention (oedema)
- otosclerosis (hearing loss sometimes linked to pregnancy)

This is because you will need to be seen regularly by your doctor while you are taking Estrofem<sup>®</sup>.

## Tell your doctor immediately if any of the following conditions occur (because you may be told to stop taking Estrofem®):

- yellowing of your skin or eyes, or worsening of your liver function
- significant increase in your blood pressure
- migraine-like headache, and you have not previously had migraines
- sudden development of visual problems
- pregnancy
- or if you experience any of the conditions listed above under 'When you must not take it'

## If you have not told your doctor about any of the above, tell them before you take Estrofem<sup>®</sup>.

Estrofem® should only be used to treat symptoms of the menopause that adversely affect your quality of life

Review the risks and benefits of continued treatment with Estrofem® at least once a year with your doctor.

#### Taking other medicines

Tell your doctor if you are taking or plan to take other medicines, including:

- some medicines to help you sleep, including barbiturates
- some medicines for epilepsy e.g. phenytoin and carbamazepine
- some antibiotics and other antiinfective medicines e.g. rifampicin
- some anti-infectives such as ritonavir and nelfinavir, when used at the same time as steroid hormones
- St. John's Wort used to treat depression

Tell your doctor if you are taking any other medicines, including any that you buy without a prescription from your pharmacy, supermarket or health food shop.

The effect of Estrofem® can be reduced by other medicines, and may affect your vaginal bleeding pattern.

## How to take Estrofem®

#### How to take it

Read carefully the instructions included in this leaflet, in order to correctly use the calendar pack.

Take one tablet a day, preferably at the same time each day, until all 28 tablets have been taken. Swallow each tablet with a glass of water. When you have finished each pack, start the next pack immediately.

If you are not on any other hormone replacement therapy and you have

had a hysterectomy you can start taking Estrofem® on any day that is convenient. If you are still experiencing bleeds, you should start using Estrofem® on day 5.

Estrofem® should not be taken by children, men, during pregnancy or while breast-feeding.

#### **Duration of therapy:**

HRT should be prescribed at the lowest effective dose and for the shortest duration necessary (see 'Before you start to take it'). The continuation of the treatment should be re-evaluated annually. Women who have undergone a premature menopause (e.g. hysterectomy) may require longer term treatment.

#### If you forget to take it

You can always see if you have taken your tablet by looking at the day on the calendar dial pack.

If you forget to take a tablet at the usual time, take it as soon as you remember. If it is almost time for your next dose, throw away the tablet you missed and take your next dose when you are meant to.

Do not take a double dose to make up for a forgotten tablet.

## If you take too much (overdose)

If you take more tablets than you have been prescribed, contact your doctor for advice.

Overdose may cause nausea and vomiting.

## While you are taking Estrofem®

You can expect your symptoms to improve within a few months of starting Estrofem<sup>®</sup>.

Estrofem® can be stopped at any time. You should discuss this with your doctor.

Estrofem® is not a contraceptive and will not prevent pregnancy. Estrofem® is only recommended for women who have signs and symptoms of oestrogen deficiency due to surgical or natural menopause and who have had a hysterectomy performed. After

hysterectomy you cannot get pregnant.

At your routine check-up, your doctor may reassess your continued need for Estrofem<sup>®</sup>. Alternative HRT treatment may be given if troublesome symptoms remain.

If you have any concerns about taking Estrofem®, ask your doctor or pharmacist. If your doctor tells you to stop taking Estrofem®, return any unused medicine to your pharmacist.

#### Things you must not do

This medicine is for you only. Do not give it to someone else even if they seem to have the same symptoms as you.

Do not take Estrofem® to treat any other complaints unless your doctor tells you to.

Do not change the way you take Estrofem®, or lower the dosage, without checking with your doctor.

#### Side effects

All medicines can have side effects. Sometimes they are serious, most of the time they are not.

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you experience any side effects while you are taking Estrofem® (whether or not they are mentioned below).

You may need medical treatment if you experience some of the side effects.

When you start taking Estrofem® your body has to adjust to new hormone levels. You may experience the following side effects:

- abdominal (stomach) pain, feeling sick (nausea), vomiting, diarrhoea, bloating, flatulence, indigestion
- skin rash or itching, skin reactions, changes in hair growth
- headache, migraine, epilepsy, dizziness
- changes in libido, problems getting to sleep
- breast tenderness, enlargement or pain

- asthma, or worsening of asthma
- gall bladder problems
- leg cramps
- weight increase
- fluid retention (oedema)
- fungal infection of the vagina (thrush)

These side effects are usually temporary and disappear.

#### Tell your doctor if:

- you think you may be suffering from depression
- you are not feeling well or find any side effect too uncomfortable or unacceptable
- any side effect becomes worse
- you have not had a hysterectomy and vaginal bleeding or spotting suddenly becomes heavier

Tell your doctor immediately if any of the following conditions occur (because you may be told to stop taking Estrofem®):

- pain in your calf and your leg is swelling
- any kind of blood clots
- yellow colouring of the skin and eyes (jaundice)
- migraine or sudden severe headache, and you have not previously had migraines
- problems with your eyesight which develop suddenly
- marked rise in blood pressure
- if you have not had a hysterectomy – vaginal bleeding or spotting occurring after you have been period-free for some time
- you can see or feel a lump in your breast, or you notice dimpling of the skin or changes in the nipple
- you know or suspect you are pregnant

Tell your doctor immediately or go to Accident and Emergency at your nearest hospital if you notice any of the following:

- skin rashes over a large part of the body
- shortness of breath, wheezing
- swelling of the face, lips or tongue

- fast pulse
- sweating

This list includes very serious side effects. You may need urgent medical attention or hospitalisation. These side effects are very rare.

In addition to the possible side effects listed above, ovarian cancer, heart disease, stroke and dementia have been reported with HRT.

### Do not be alarmed by these lists of possible side effects.

You may not experience any of them.

#### Storage

Keep all medicines out of reach of children.

Do not use Estrofem® after the expiry date stated on the carton and label.

The expiry date refers to the last day of that month.

Keep Estrofem<sup>®</sup> in a cool dry dark place where the temperature stays below 25°C. Do not put Estrofem<sup>®</sup> in the refrigerator.

Do not dispose of medicines down the sink or in your household rubbish. Ask you pharmacist how to dispose of medicines you no longer require.

These measures will help to preserve the environment.

#### **Product Description**

#### What Estrofem® looks like

Estrofem® comes in a calendar dial pack. Each pack holds 28 round tablets.

Estrofem® 1mg tablets are red and marked 'NOVO 282' on one side. Estrofem® 2mg tablets are blue and marked 'NOVO 280' on one side.

#### Ingredients

Each Estrofem® 1mg tablet contains 1mg oestradiol (as hemihydrate) as the active ingredient and iron oxide red CI77491 (E172) as a colouring agent.

Each Estrofem® 2mg tablet contains 2mg oestradiol (as hemihydrate) as the active ingredient and indigo

carmine CI73015 (E132) as a colouring agent.

Oestradiol is identical to natural human oestrogen.

The tablets also contain lactose, hydroxypropylcellulose, maize starch, talc, propylene glycol (red 1 mg tablets), Macrogol 400 (blue 2 mg tablets), magnesium stearate, hypromellose and titanium dioxide (E171).

Estrofem<sup>®</sup> is gluten-free.

#### Manufacturer

Estrofem<sup>®</sup> is made in Denmark and supplied in Australia by:

Novo Nordisk Pharmaceuticals Pty Ltd Level 3

21 Solent Circuit
Baulkham Hills NSW 2153

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For further information call the NovoCare® Customer Care Centre on 1800 668 626.

www.novonordisk.com.au

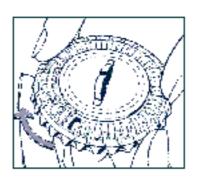
#### **Directions for Use**

#### 1. Set the day reminder

The first tablet to be taken is under the sealed opening in the seethrough outer rim of the pack.

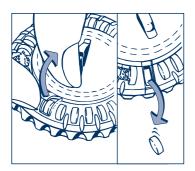
Turn the inner disc to set the day of the week opposite the little plastic tab.





#### 2. Take the first day's tablet

Break the plastic tab and tip out the first tablet.



#### 3. Move the dial every day

On the next day simply move the transparent dial clockwise one space as indicated by the arrow. Tip out the next tablet. Remember to take only one tablet once a day.

You can only turn the transparent dial after the tablet in the opening has been removed.